

# GCSE 9-1 MATHEMATICS FORMULAE SUITABLE FOR AQA AND EDEXCEL / HIGHER TIER

tutor2u

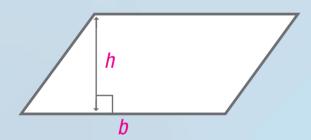
# **Formulae to Memorise**

You will not be given these formulae in the exam

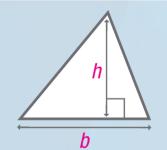
#### **Areas**



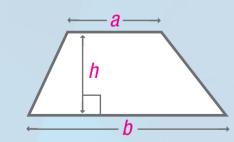
Area of a rectangle =  $I \times W$ 



Area of a parallelogram =  $b \times h$ 

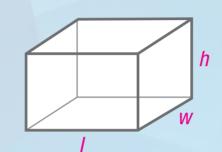


Area of a triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}b \times h$ 

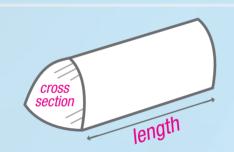


Area of a trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}(a + b) h$ 

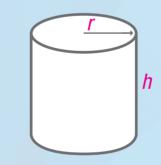
#### **Volumes**



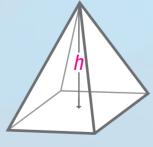
Volume of a cuboid =  $I \times w \times h$ 



Volume of a prism = area of cross section × length

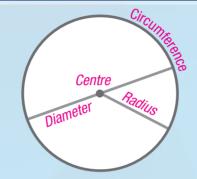


Volume of a cylinder =  $\pi r^2 h$ 



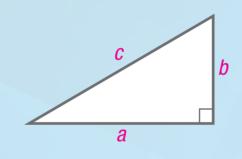
Volume of a pyramid =  $\frac{1}{3}$  × area of base × h

#### **Circumference and Area of a Circle**



Circumference of a circle =  $2\pi r = \pi d$ Area of a circle =  $\pi r^2$ 

#### **Pythagoras' Theorem**



 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ 

#### **Compound Measures**

$$speed = \frac{distance}{time}$$

density = 
$$\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$$

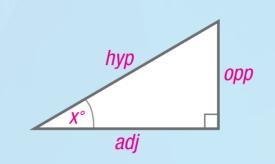
pressure = 
$$\frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$$

#### **The Quadratic Formula**

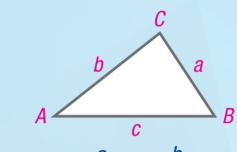
The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , where  $a \ne 0$ , are given by:

$$X = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

#### **Trigonometry**



$$\sin x = \frac{opp}{hyp}$$
,  $\cos x = \frac{adj}{hyp}$ ,  $\tan x = \frac{opp}{adj}$ 



Sine Rule 
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine Rule 
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$
  
Area of a triangle  $= \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$ 

### **Compound Interest\***

Where *P* is the principal amount, *r* is the interest rate (as a percentage) over a given period and *n* is the number of times that the interest is compounded:

Total accrued = 
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

#### **Probability**\*

Where P(A) is the probability of outcome A and P(B) is the probability of outcome B:

P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B)

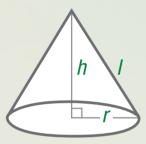
**Conditional Probability** 

 $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A \text{ given } B) \times P(B)$ 

# Formulae given in the Exam

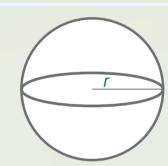
You do not need to memorise these formulae

#### **Volume and Surface Area**



Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi rI$ 

Volume of a cone = 
$$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$



Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

Volume of a sphere =  $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$ 

#### **Kinematics Formulae**

Where a is constant acceleration, u is initial velocity, v is final velocity, s is displacement from the position when t=0 and t is time taken:

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

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