Powers

Multiplication	When multiplying with the same base (number or	$7^5 \times 7^3 = 7^8$
Index Law	letter), add the powers.	$a^{12} \times a = a^{13}$
		$4x^5 \times 2x^8 = 8x^{13}$
	$a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$	
Division Index Law	When dividing with the same base (number or	$15^7 \div 15^4 = 15^3$
	letter), subtract the powers.	$x^9 \div x^2 = x^7$
		$20a^{11} \div 5a^3 = 4a^8$
	$a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$	
Brackets Index	When raising a power to another power, multiply	$(y^2)^5 = y^{10}$
Laws	the powers together.	$(6^3)^4 = 6^{12}$
		$(5x^6)^3 = 125x^{18}$
	$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$	
Notable Powers	$p = p^1$	$99999^0 = 1$
	$p^0 = 1$	
Negative Powers	A negative power performs the reciprocal.	2-2 _ 1 _ 1
	$a^{-m}-1$	$3^{-2} = \frac{1}{3^2} = \frac{1}{9}$
	$a^{-}=\frac{1}{a^m}$	

Fractions

Simplifying	Divide the numerator and denominator by the	20 4
Fractions	highest common factor.	$\frac{1}{45} = \frac{1}{9}$
Equivalent	Fractions which represent the same value.	2 4 20 60
Fractions		$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{50} = \frac{1}{150}$ etc.
Comparing	To compare fractions, they each need to be	Put in to ascending order: $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{1}{2}$.
Fractions	rewritten so that they have a common	4'3'6'2
	denominator.	Equivalent: $\frac{9}{12}$, $\frac{8}{12}$, $\frac{10}{12}$, $\frac{6}{12}$
	Ascending means smallest to biggest.	1 2 2 5
		Correct order: $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{5}{6}$
	Descending means biggest to smallest.	2 0 1 0
Adding or	Find the LCM of the denominators to find a	$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{5}$
Subtracting	common denominator.	8 8
Fractions	Use equivalent fractions to change each fraction to	
	the common denominator .	Multiples of 5: 5, 10, 15
	Then just add or subtract the numerators and	LCM of 3 and 5 = 15
	keep the denominator the same .	$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{10}{15}$ and $\frac{4}{5} = \frac{12}{15}$
		$\frac{10}{15} + \frac{12}{15} = \frac{22}{15} = 1\frac{7}{15}$
		$\frac{10}{15} + \frac{12}{15} = \frac{22}{15} = 1\frac{7}{15}$

Estimating

Estimate	To find something close to the correct answer.	An estimate for the height of a man is 1.8
		metres.
Approximation	When using approximations to estimate the solution to a calculation, round each number in the calculation to 1 significant figure.	$\frac{348 + 692}{0.526} \approx \frac{300 + 700}{0.5} = 2000$
	≈ means 'approximately equal to'	'Note that dividing by 0.5 is the same as multiplying by 2'

